A Fuzzy Logic Based DSTATCOM for Diesel Generation

System for Load Compensation

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Article Info	ABSTRACT	
Article history:	This paper proposes the concept of distributed static compensator for	
Received Nov 3, 2014	compensation of harmonics, unbalances and reactive powers. The main aim of this diesel electrical generator is to generate electrical power and transfer	
Revised Jan 4, 2015 Accepted Feb 4, 2015	to the distribution point. The main problems occurred in this distribution systems are voltage distributions, interruptions and variations in distribution	
	system also called as power quality problems. The FACTS controllers are	
Keyword:	classified into different types based on improvement of power quality. These facts devices are classified based on their construction and connection to the	
Diesel generation system Distributed static compensator Harmonics Voltage source converters	line i.e. called as series and shunt converters. This paper also concentrate on the concept of fuzzy logic controller for getting better performance as compared with the previous conventional controllers. Basically, the fuzzy controller has the advantage of low steady state error and also it reduces the These experimental diagrams are verified in Matlab/Simulink and the results are verified for both PI and Fuzzy controllers.	

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1. INTRODUCTION

The aim of the electric generating system is at an acceptable voltage generated electrical energy is to deliver to costumer. Change in power (voltage, current, or frequency) that interferes with the normal operation of electrical equipment is power quality disturbance.

The power quality improvement method such as FACTS controllers are classified into four main categories. DVR is one of the series connected device which is used for injecting the voltage with specified magnitude and phase shift at point of common coupling. Then DSTATCOM is a one of the Shunt-connected device which helps for compensating the harmonic currents.

2. WORKING OF DSTATCOM

D-STATCOM consists of a coupling transformer connected in shunt to the distribution network through a coupling transformer and two-level Voltage Source Converter (VSC) which makes the conversion of three-phase ac output voltages from the dc voltage across the storage device. Control between the ac system and active and reactive power exchanges between the D-STATCOM is achieved by their ratings.

By adjusting the voltage drop across the system impedance Zth, the shunt injected current Ish corrects the voltage sag is shown in Figure 1. By adjusting the output voltage of the converter the value of Ish can be controlled

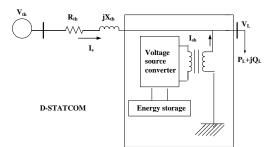


Figure 1. Block Diagram of D-STATCOM

The DSTATCOM consists of three phase voltage source converter along with the coupling transformer. At the basic fundamental frequency, with controllable amplitude and phase shift DSTATCOM generates a set of three sinusoidal voltages. In general, in order to maintain voltage regulation, power factor correction, and harmonics compensation and load leveling the DSTATCOM can be utilized [3].

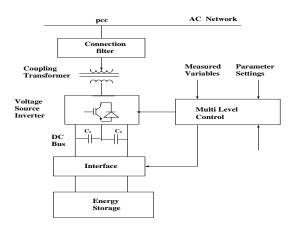


Figure 2. Configuration of DSTATCOM

The configuration of Distributed static compensator is consists of battery energy storage system, control diagram for VS converter, coupling transformer and interfacing system, filter circuit at AC bus system.

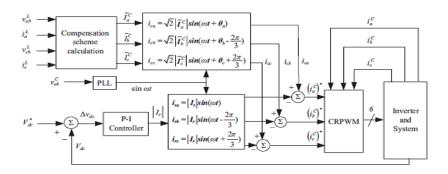


Figure 3. Closed Loop Control Diagram for DSTATCOM Controller

Figure 3 shows the block diagram of the proposed DSTATCOM controller. From the equations used for the DSTATCOM controller calculates the compensation current commands I_a^c , I_b^c , I_c^c by using line-to-line voltages and line current. The instantaneous compensation currents are obtained with the aid of the synchronous signal sin wt via a PLL circuit. Additionally, the dc-link voltage is maintained by supplying a real part of compensation current |Ir| via a P-I controller.

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$$\begin{bmatrix} \overline{I_a^L} \\ \overline{I_b^L} \\ \overline{I_c^L} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{ab}^L & 0 & -Y_{ca}^L \\ -Y_{ab}^L & Y_{bc}^L & 0 \\ 0 & -Y_{bc}^L & Y_{ca}^L \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \overline{V_{ab}^L} \\ \overline{V_{bc}^L} \\ \overline{V_{bc}^L} \\ \overline{V_{ca}^L} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\overline{I_a^C} = \operatorname{Im}(\overline{I_1^L}) + \overline{I_2^L}$$
$$\overline{I_b^C} = \alpha^2 \operatorname{Im}(\overline{I_1^L}) + \alpha \overline{I_2^L}$$
$$\overline{I_e^C} = \alpha \operatorname{Im}(\overline{I_1^L}) + \alpha^2 \overline{I_2^L}$$

The paper employees a current-regulated PWM (CRPWM) inverter as the power stage of the proposed DSTATCOM. The CRPWM inverter uses the error signals from the comparison results of the reference signals i_a^c)^{*}, $(i_b^c)^*$, $(i_c^c)^*$ and the actual compensation currents I_a^c , I_b^c , I_c^c as the input. This generates the needed compensation current of the DSTATCOM for fast load compensation.

With the help of supply current in-phase (*isadr*, *isbdr* and *iscdr*) and quadrature phase components (*isaqr*, *isbqr* and *iscqr*), then computed the three-phase instantaneous reference supply currents (*isar*, *isbr* and *iscr*).

$$I_{sar} = i_{sadr} + i_{saqr}, i_{sbr} = i_{sbdr} + i_{sbqr}, \qquad i_{scr} = i_{scdr} + i_{scqr}$$

The reference currents generated by the DSTATCOM is helps to provide the triggering pulses with the help of hysteresis controller.

3. DIESEL GENERATOR SET USING DSTATCOM

For distributing the power to some crucial equipment in remote areas the electrical energy produced by diesel engine-based unit plays an effective role. This type of distribution energy storage systems are loaded with unbalanced loads and non-linear loads. Due to this load variations causes the variations in power system parameters.

Figure 4 shows the schematic diagram for diesel energy system serves the different loads such as linear loads, non-linear loads etc.

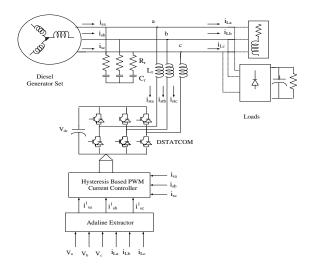


Figure 4. Configuration of Diesel Energy System Based Statcom Controller

4. FUZZY LOGIC CONTROLLER

Fuzzy controllers are directly using the fuzzy rules. The fuzzy inference engine system is a soft computational system which is used for analyzing the input variables in terms of logical variables i.e 0

&1.Logic involved in the fuzzy is dealing the concepts that which cannot be expressed as true or false. The Fuzzy Logic Controller main diagram is shown below.

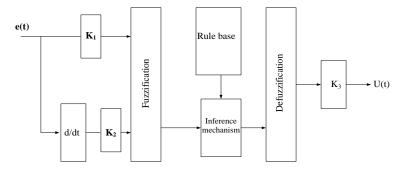


Figure 5. Block diagram of Fuzzy Logic Controller

Three stages of Fuzzy controllers are output stage, processing stage, input stage. The input stage senses the input, processing stage generates result for each, and output stage combines the results and shows a final output value. For low cost implementation fuzzy logic is preferred

5. SIMULATION DIAGRAM AND WAVEFORMS

The experimental setup for the diesel generation system along with statcom controller is shown in Figure 6. Power System Block set and Simulink are used to modeling of the control diagram for main power circuit .Three-phase AC source represents the grid source and connected at the load end. DSTATCOM is a combination of voltage source converter fed capacitive reactor or distributed energy source.

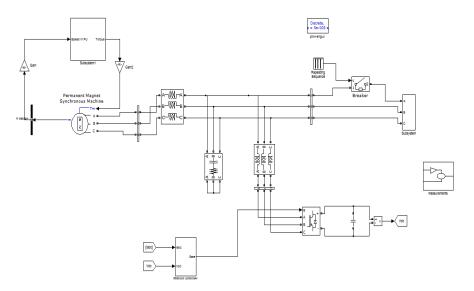


Figure 6. Experimental Setup for Proposed System in Matlab/Simulink

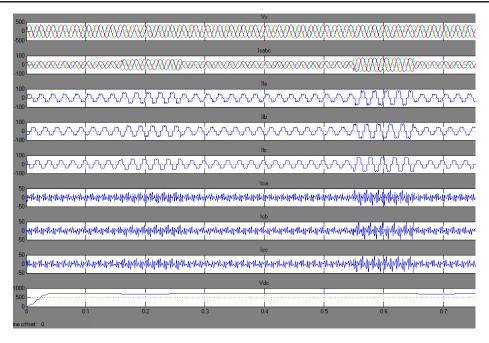


Figure 7. Simulation Results Non- Linear R-Load

The simulation diagram for the proposed diesel generation system with statcom controller is shown in Figure 7. Figure 7 shows the simulation result for output current, source currents, voltages and compensated currents of the proposed system.

The simulation result for RMS value of the line current is shown in Figure 8. And the line voltage RMS voltage is shown in Figure 9.

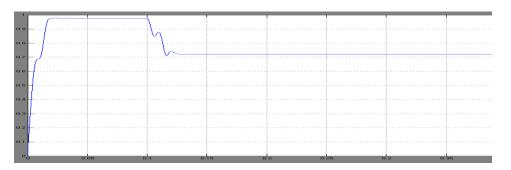


Figure 8. PCC Voltage without DSTATCOM during LG Fault

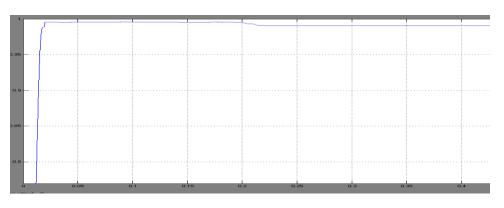


Figure 9. PCC Voltage with DSTATCOM during LG Fault

Table 1. Comparison of % Thd Values				
TYPE	Vs	Is	I_L	
PI	24.75	24.66	94.37	
FUZZY	24.75	24.60	87.69	

5. CONCLUSION

This paper proposed Fuzzy logic based static compensator for compensating the power quality problems in the distribution systems. The distribution static compensator is one of the type in most flexible device which is operated under voltage or current controlled modes, the current control mode is used for compensating voltage variations, unbalances and the voltage control modes is for voltage stabilizers. It has the capability for controlling the unbalances and variations in input currents. It is observed that with the help of these compensator the factor of total harmonic distributor is reduced. This paper is extended with the help of fuzzy logic controller. The main of this fuzzy controller is to reduce the settling time and also provides better control action. And also this fuzzy controller provides less total harmonic distortion as compared with the other conventional controllers.

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